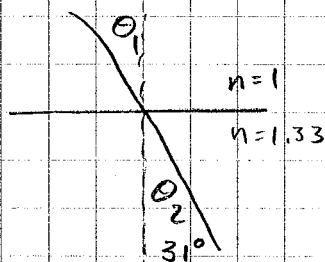


p 659 29, 31, 33, 37, 38, 39, 41, 73, 74

(29)



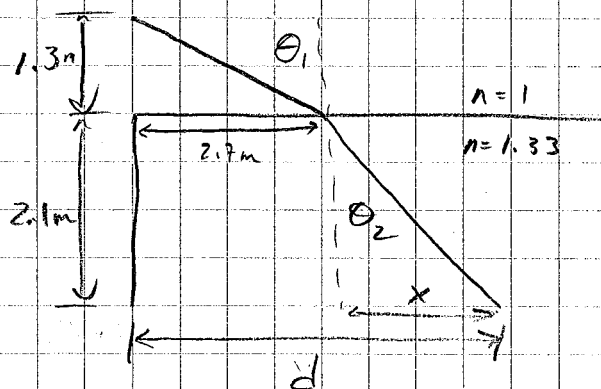
$$\frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\theta_1 = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{n_2 \sin \theta_2}{n_1} \right) = \sin^{-1} (1.33 \sin 31^\circ)$$

$$\theta_1 = 43^\circ$$

From horizon $90 - 43 = \underline{47^\circ}$

(31)



$$\tan \theta_1 = \frac{2.7}{1.3}$$

$$\theta_1 = 64^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\theta_2 = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{n_1 \sin \theta_1}{n_2} \right) = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin 64^\circ}{1.33} \right)$$

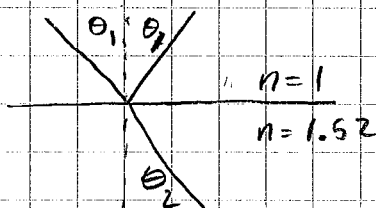
$$\theta_2 = 42.5^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta_2 = \frac{x}{2.1}$$

$$x = 2.1 \tan 42.5^\circ = 1.92$$

$$d = 2.7 \text{ m} + 1.92 \text{ m} = \underline{4.6 \text{ m}}$$

(33)



$$\theta_1 = 2\theta_2$$

$$\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\frac{\sin 2\theta_2}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\theta_2 = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{n_2}{2n_1} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1.52}{2} \right) = 40.5^\circ$$

$$\theta_1 = 2\theta_2 = \underline{81^\circ}$$

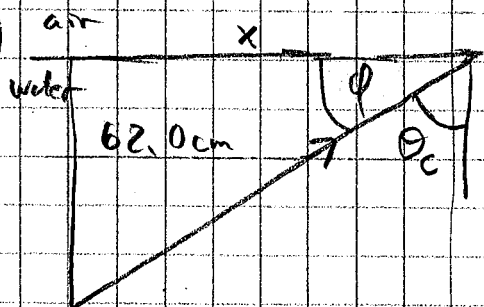
37

$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{\sin \theta_1}$$

$$\theta_2 = 90^\circ$$

$$n_1 = \frac{n_2}{\sin \theta_c} = \frac{1}{\sin 47.7} = \underline{1.35}$$

38



$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{\sin \theta_1}$$

$$\theta_2 = 90^\circ$$

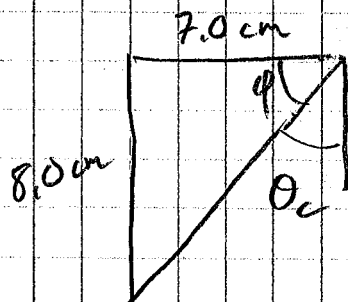
$$\sin \theta_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1} = \frac{1}{1.33}$$

$$\theta_c = 48.8^\circ$$

$$\tan 41.2 = \frac{62.0 \text{ cm}}{x}$$

$$x = \underline{70.8 \text{ cm}}$$

39



$$\phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{7}\right) = 48.8^\circ$$

$$\theta_c = 41.2^\circ$$

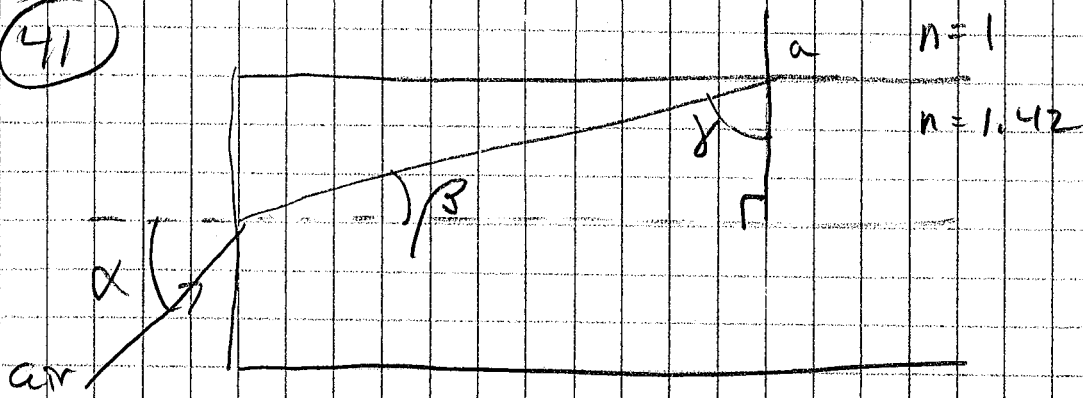
$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{\sin \theta_1}$$

$$\theta_2 = 90^\circ$$

$$n_1 = \frac{n_2}{\sin \theta_c} = \frac{1}{\sin 41.2} = 1.51$$

$$\therefore n \geq \underline{1.5}$$

(41)



for total internal reflection $\gamma \geq \theta_c$

$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{\sin \theta_1} \quad \theta_2 = 90^\circ$$

$$\theta_c = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1.42}\right) = 44.76^\circ$$

$$\beta + \gamma = 90^\circ$$

$$\therefore \beta \leq 90 - 44.76 = 45.24^\circ$$

from a.r

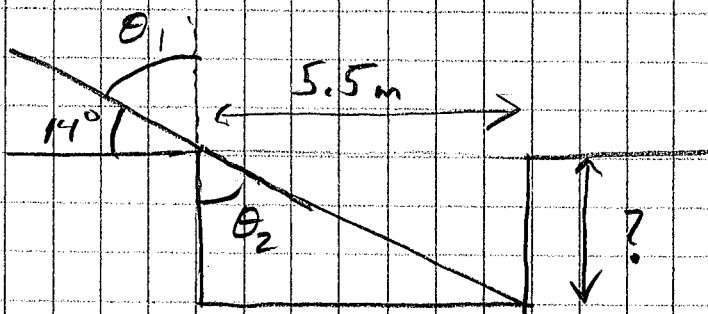
$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{\sin \theta_1}$$

$$\sin \alpha = n_2 \frac{\sin \beta}{n_1} = 1.42 \sin 45.24 = 1.01$$

so for any $\alpha \leq 90^\circ$ β will be ≤ 45.24

and thus $\gamma \leq 44.76^\circ$

73



$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{\sin \theta_1}$$

$$\theta_1 = 90 - 14 = 76^\circ$$

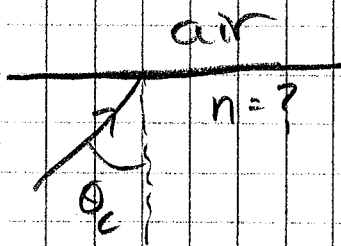
$$\theta_2 = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{n_1 \sin \theta_1}{n_2} \right) = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{5 \sin 76}{1.33} \right)$$

$$\theta_2 = 46.85^\circ$$

$$\tan 46.85 = \frac{5.5}{?}$$

$$\underline{\text{Depth} = 5.16 \text{ m}}$$

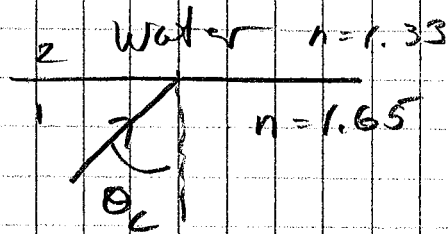
74



$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{1}{\sin \theta_c}$$

$$n_1 = \frac{1}{\sin 37.3}$$

$$n_1 = 1.65$$



$$\sin \theta_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1} = \frac{1.33}{1.65}$$

$$\underline{\theta_c = 53.7^\circ}$$